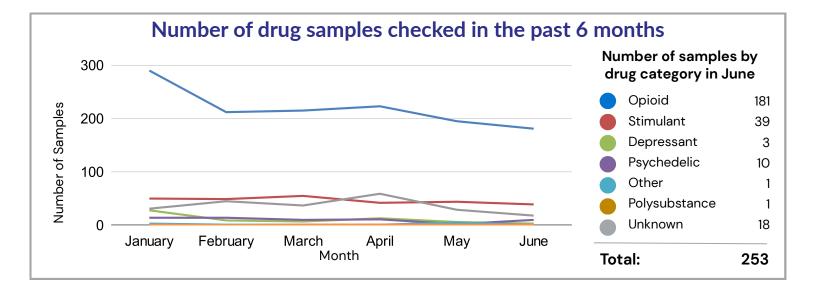


## **Key findings**

- In June, 253 drug checks were performed by services offering FTIR drug checking in the Fraser Health region (13 access points).
- Benzodiazepine-positivity has been increasing over the past 3 months. In June, **61.3%** of opioids tested positive for benzodiazepines by FTIR and/or test strip.
- The percentage of unregulated opioids containing benzos in concentrations high enough to be detectable by FTIR (>5%) reached a record high of **52.7**% in June. The most common benzodiazepines were desalkylgidazepam, bromazolam, and nifoxipam.
- Among the subset of opioids sent for secondary testing with Paper-Spray Mass Spectrometry (n=70), xylazine was detected in 23 samples, medetomidine in 8 samples, and carfentanil in 8 samples.



#### Number of drug checks at each site

Location	# of Drugs Checked
Foxglove Housing	70
Mountainside (Abbotsford)	63
Mountainside (Chilliwack)	72
Mountainside (Hope)	7
Mountainside (Langley)	5
Mountainside (Mission)	8
Progressive Housing	7
SafePoint	21
Total	253



## Number of samples with expected drug present

Expected Drug	Present	Not Present	N/A	Total
Opioid	169	12	0	181
Stimulant	34	5	0	39
Depressant	3	0	0	3
Psychedelic	10	0	0	10
Other	1	0	0	1
Polysubstance 1		0	0	1
Unknown O		0	18	18
Total	218	17	18	253

Please note that the presence of the expected substance does not imply purity, as samples frequently contain adulterating cutting agents.

# **Opioids**

### Number of opioid samples with expected drug present

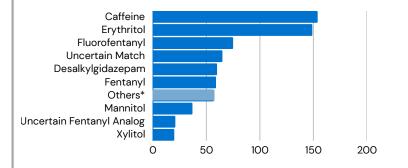
Expected Drug	Present	Not Present	N/A	Total
Fentanyl	12	3	0	15
Heroin	0	2	0	2
Down	148	2	0	150
Pharmaceutical	9	5	0	14
Total	169	12	0	181

Please note that the presence of the expected substance does not imply purity, as samples frequently contain adulterating cutting agents. 'Down' can refer to any opioid drug present in any amount.

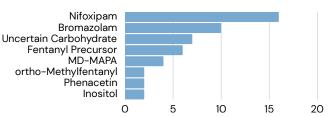


# Components detected in unregulated opioids (N=167)

#### Main components

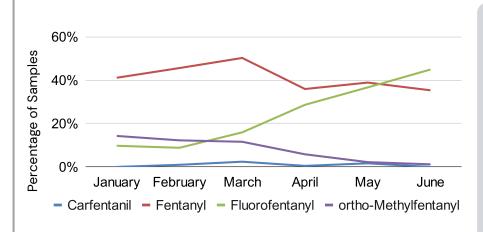


#### Other components\*



Additional components detected a single time have been omitted from these charts. All sample data can be found on the <a href="BCCSU Drug Sense dashboard">BCCSU Drug Sense dashboard</a>.

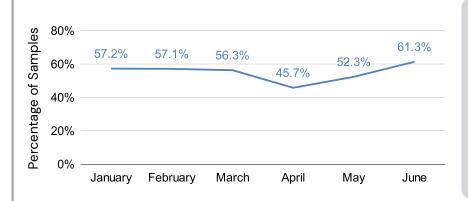
## Fentanyl analogs detected in unregulated opioids, past 6 months



- In June, fluorofentanyl surpassed fentanyl as the the most common opioid detected by FTIR, detected in 44.9% of all unregulated opioids tested (75 of 167 samples).
- We note that the true number of samples containing carfentanil is likely higher than what is observed by FTIR, as it is usually contained in concentrations below the detection limit (<5%). Please see the Secondary Testing section (page 5) of this report for more information.

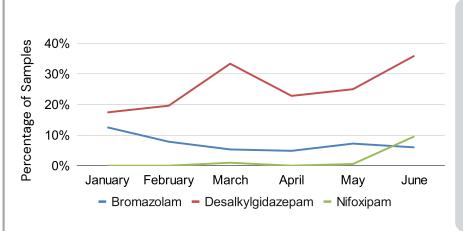


### Percentage of opioids testing positive for benzodiazepines, past 6 months



- During the month of June, 61.3% of expected opioid samples tested positive for benzodiazepines in the Fraser Health region (111 samples of 181 checked).
- Opioid samples are checked for benzodiazepine-positivity using BTNX test strips and the FTIR spectrometer. The results presented here are derived from both of these technologies and are presumptive until confirmed by a laboratory.

## Benzodiazepines detected in unregulated opioids, past 6 months

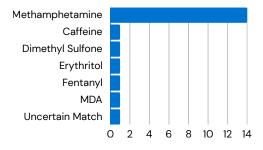


- In June, benzodiazepines were detected by FTIR in 52.7% of all unregulated opioid samples (88 of 167 samples), indicating their presence in higher concentrations (>5%). To-date, this is the highest proportion of samples found to contain benzos by FTIR.
- Of these, desalkylgidazepam was most frequently identified (60 samples).
- Notably, nifoxipam, a benzodiazepine that was first observed in February 2025, was detected in 16 samples this month.

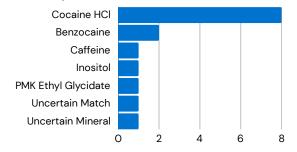
# Non-Opioids

#### Components detected in stimulants

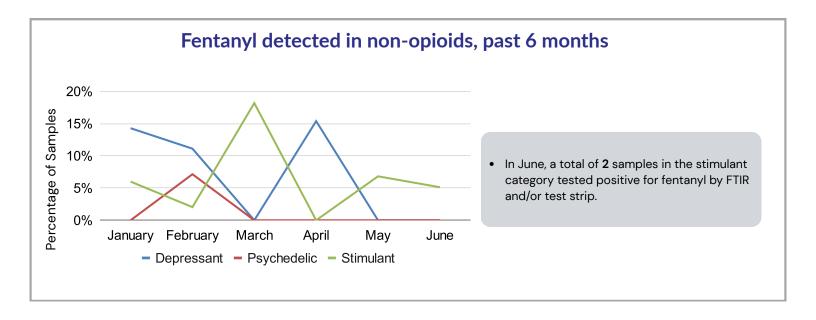
#### Components in methamphetamine (N=16)



#### Components in cocaine (N=11)



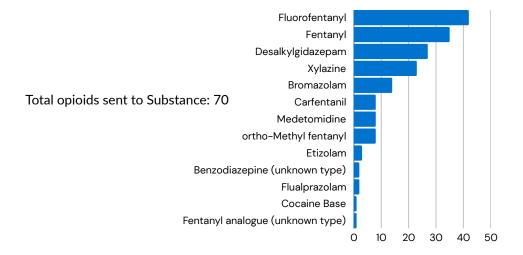




# **PSMS Secondary Testing Results Summary**

A subset of samples were sent for secondary testing provided by Substance at the University of Victoria, using Paper-Spray Mass Spectrometry (PSMS). PSMS is a highly sensitive technology, and can detect components in samples below the detection limit of the FTIR (<5%). Below is a summary of all active components detected in opioid samples sent in confirmatory testing. For more information about Substance please visit their website.

#### **Active Components Detected**



June 2025

#### **Public Health Notifications**

Date & Location	Expected Drug	Spectrometry Results	Fentanyl Strip	Benzo Strip	Alert Message		
	No alerts for Fraser Health this month.						
To subscribe to the provincial drug alert and response system, text the word JOIN to 253787 (ALERTS).							
About this data							

Data represented in this report is collected from our partner sites across the province using Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) spectrometry in combination with BTNX fentanyl test strips and benzodiazepine test strips when applicable. We note the FTIR spectrometer has a detection limit of approximately 5% concentration (McCrae, 2019).

		1	/	Stimulant includes:	Unknown includes:
Depressant includes:	Opioid includes:	Polysubstance includes:	/	methamphetamine,	samples where the individual
benzodiazepines,	"down", heroin, fentanyl	cross-category mixtures	MDMA and related, 2C-family,	"speed," cocaine and	was unable to identify an
etizolam, GHB, hypnotics	(unregulated opioids), and	/	tryptamines, ketamine, LSD	crack cocaine,	expected substance - this
/	pharmaceutical opioids	/	/		'
/	· /	/	1	cathinones /	includes found samples.

We gratefully acknowledge the contribution of <u>our</u> <u>partners</u> to collect this data.

To find drug checking services in your area please visit our <u>site locator</u>.

